RONALD P. SLATES, State Bar #43712 KONRAD L. TROPE, State Bar #133214 RONALD P. SLATES, A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 500 South Grand Avenue, Biltmore Tower Suite 2010 Los Angeles, California 90071 (213) 624-1515 / FAX (213) 624-7536 rslates2@rslateslaw.com							
ktrope@tropelawgroup.com Attorneys for Plaintiff Lunch Inc., a Delaware corporation							
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT							
FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA WESTERN DIVISION							
LUNCH INC., a Delaware corporation,	CASE NO.						
Plaintiff,	Complaint for (1) Breach of Written						
vs.	Contract; (2) Breach of Oral Contract; (3) Violation of the Racketeering Influence and Corrupt Organizations Act "Rico"						
CHIM INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION a Pennsylvania	(Wire Fraud); (4) Violation of Rico (Money Laundering) (5) Violation of						
corporation; TRACEY CARTWRIGHT,	Rico (Theft/Conversion); (6) Avoidance of Transfer of Real Property [Cal. Civ.						
aka TRACEY N. QUINN, aka TRACET 🤇	Code §3439.04(a)(1)]; (7) Voidable Transaction [Cal. Civ. Code						
QUINN, aka TRACEY C. QUINN and	§3439.04(a)(2)]; (8) Voidable Transaction [Cal. Civ. Code §3439.05];						
JENNA QUINN, an individual, RYAN) OUINN, an individual and DOES 1	(9) Fraud - Intentional Misrepresentation - Suppression of Fact;						
through 25, inclusive,	(10) Negligent Misrepresentation - Suppression of Fact; (11) Conversion;						
Defendant.	and (12) Unjust Enrichment and Imposition of Constructive Trust						
	PLAINTIFF DEMANDS A JURY TRIAL						
DI 1 1001 IDIGILDIG DI							
Plaintiff LUNCH INC., a Delaware corporation, hereby respectfully brings this							
1. Plaintiff, LUNCH INC. a Delaware corporation ("Plaintiff"), is now and							
was, at all times herein mentioned, a corporation duly organized and existing under and							
by virtue of the laws of the State of Delaware and is now and was, at all times herein Page 1							
Complaint							
	KONRAD L. TROPE, State Bar #133214 RONALD P. SLATES, A PROFESSION, 500 South Grand Avenue, Biltmore Tower Los Angeles, California 90071 (213) 624-1515 / FAX (213) 624-7536 rslates2@rslateslaw.com ktrope@tropelawgroup.com Attorneys for Plaintiff Lunch Inc., a Delaw UNITED STATES FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF LUNCH INC., a Delaware corporation, Plaintiff, vs. CHIM INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION, a Pennsylvania corporation; TRACEY CARTWRIGHT, an individual aka TRACEY C. NEARY, aka TRACEY N. QUINN, aka TRACET CARTWRIGHT, aka TRACEY NEARY QUINN, aka TRACEY C. QUINN and aka TRACEY C NEARY-QUINN, JENNA QUINN, an individual, RYAN QUINN, an individual and DOES 1 through 25, inclusive, Defendant. Plaintiff LUNCH INC., a Delaware Complaint and alleges as follows: PAR 1. Plaintiff, LUNCH INC. a Delaware Complaint and alleges as follows:						

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mentioned, authorized to do and doing business in the State of California as a foreign corporation with its principal place of business in said State located in the County of Los Angeles at 1241 5th Street, Suite 309, Santa Monica, California 90401.

- 2. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges that Defendant CHIM INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION ("Chim"), is now and was, at all times herein mentioned, a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Pennsylvania.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant, TRACEY CARTWRIGHT aka TRACEY C. NEARY, aka TRACEY N. QUINN, aka TRACET CARTWRIGHT, aka TRACEY NEARY QUINN, aka TRACEY C. QUINN and aka TRACEY C NEARY-QUINN ("T. Cartwright"), is now and was, at all times herein mentioned, an individual residing in the City of Pittsburgh, County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania.
- Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and based upon such information and believe alleges, that Defendant T. Cartwright is now and was, at all times herein mentioned, the Chief Executive Officer, a director and the sole shareholder of Defendant Chim and derives all or substantially all of her livelihood from the operation of Defendant Chim.
- 5. Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that this Court has ultra vires jurisdiction over Defendant T. Cartwright based upon her engaging in activities that were outside of her authority as the Chief Executive Officer of Defendant Chim, as set forth more fully hereinbelow.
- 6. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant, JENNA QUINN ("J. Quinn") is now and was, at all times herein mentioned, an individual residing in the City of Pittsburgh, County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania.
- 7. Plaintiff is further informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant J. Quinn is the daughter of Defendant T. Cartwright, the former Chief Page 2

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Financial Officer of Defendant Chim, and a co-conspirator in all unlawful acts committed by Defendant Chim and Defendant T. Cartwright.

- 8. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant, RYAN QUINN ("R. Quinn") in the City of Pittsburgh, County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania.
- Plaintiff is further informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant R. Quinn is the son of Defendant T. Cartwright, the Chief Operating Officer of Defendant Chim, the brother of Defendant J. Quinn and a co-conspirator in all unlawful acts committed by Defendant Chim and Defendant T. Cartwright.
- 10. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges that Defendants DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, are individuals, who are believed to reside in Pennsylvania, and are involved in the acts complained of herein in that they were part of the RICO conspiracy described hereinbelow wherein they assisted in facilitating the conversion and theft of monies rightfully belonging to Plaintiff and aided and assisted Defendants Chim, T. Cartwright, J. Quinn and R. Quinn, in transferring, converting and stealing monies from Plaintiff. The true names and identities of these unindicted co-conspirators are presently unknown to Plaintiff. Plaintiff will amend its Complaint to set forth the true names of said unindicted coconspirators when same become known to it.
- 11. As permitted by Local Rule 19-1, the true names and capacities of Defendants DOES 11 through 25, inclusive, whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise, are unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will amend its Complaint to allege said Doe Defendants' true names and capacities when the same has been ascertained.
- 12. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief allege, that each of the defendants named herein as DOES 11 through 25, inclusive, were and are in some manner responsible for the actions, acts and omissions herein alleged, and for the damage caused by the defendants, and are, therefore, jointly and

- 13. Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges, that each of the defendants including DOES 11 through 25, inclusive, were, at all times herein mentioned, acting in concert with, and in conspiracy with, each and every one of the remaining defendants.
- 14. At all times herein mentioned, defendants, and each of them, were an owner, a co-owner, an agent, representative, partner, and/or alter ego of its co-defendants, or otherwise acting on behalf of each and every remaining defendant and, in doing the things hereinafter alleged, were acting within the course and scope of their authorities as an owner, a co-owner, an agent, representative, partner, and/or alter ego of its co-defendants, with the full knowledge, permission and consent of each and every remaining defendant, each co-defendant having ratified the acts of the other co-defendants.
- 15. Wherever appearing in this Complaint, each and every reference to defendants or to any of them, is intended to be and shall be a reference to all defendants hereto, and to each of them, named and unnamed, including all fictitiously named defendants, unless said reference is otherwise specifically qualified.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

16. This Court has original jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1138(a) because federal questions are predicated on violations of the Racketeering Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act ("RICO"), codified at 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961-1968. The RICO claims are predicated upon violations of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1962 and 1964. The Court also has supplemental jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 as the non-federal question claims arose from the same nucleus of operative facts. Additionally, there is diversity in that the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000 and the Plaintiff and Defendants are of different citizenship pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1332. This Court also has ultra vires jurisdiction over Defendant T. Cartwright based upon the acts committed by her which exceeded her authority as Chief Executive Officer of Defendant Chim.

- 18. Plaintiff is in the business of factoring and, prior to the commencement of this action, Plaintiff purchased certain agreed upon accounts receivable from and advanced monies to Defendant Chim pursuant to a Master Services Agreement which was executed on February 9, 2023 by Defendant J. Quinn as the Chief Financial Officer of Defendant Chim. A true and correct copy of said Master Services Agreement is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference as Exhibit "1". Said Exhibit "1" was executed and accepted by Plaintiff in the above-entitled district in the County of Los Angeles, State of California.
- 19. Pursuant to Exhibit "1" hereto, Plaintiff became the legal owner and holder of all receivables purchased by it pursuant to said contract or contracts.
- 20. Defendant Chim provides medical record coding and billing services to its customers which are government/public medical facilities throughout the United States, including but not limited to, University of New Mexico Hospitals in New Mexico and University Health in Texas, including its subsidiary, Bexar County Hospital District in San Antonio, Texas.
- 21. On or about April 14, 2023, Defendant J. Quinn (who never advised Plaintiff that she was the daughter of Defendant T. Cartwright), advised Plaintiff that she had resigned as the Chief Financial Officer of Defendant Chim.
- 22. Due to the resignation of Defendant J. Quinn, who had executed Exhibit "1" hereto on behalf of Defendant Chim, on April 14, 2023, Plaintiff advised Defendant Chim that a new Master Services Agreement had to be executed by Defendant T. Cartwright, the Chief Executive Officer of Defendant Chim.
 - 23. On or about April 19, 2023, Defendant T. Cartwright executed a Master Page 5

- 24. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto, Defendant Chim's customers shall pay Defendant Chim within three (3) business days of the due date of said receivable. Thereafter, Defendant Chim shall pay Plaintiff the outstanding amount due on each such receivable within three (3) business days of Defendant Chim's receipt thereof.
- 25. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto, Plaintiff is allowed access to Defendant Chim's bank account to withdraw the outstanding amounts due within three (3) days of receipt of same from Defendant Chim's customer(s).
- 26. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto, Plaintiff purchased the following accounts receivable from and advanced monies to Defendant Chim, and Plaintiff is now the legal owner and holder thereof pursuant to said contract:

Name	Inv#	Inv Date	Inv. Due Date	Inv. Amt	<u>Status</u>
Unv Hlth	UH1014	1/16/23	3/02/23	\$ 20,215.00	Paid
Unv Hlth	UH1015	2/6/23	3/23/23	21,060.00	Paid
DHHS	ME0046	3/6/23	4/5/23	1,170.00	Paid
Unv Hlth	UH1016	2/24/23	4/10/23	20,800.00	Unpaid
Unv NM	UNM2004	3/1/23	3/31/23	53,023.42	Unpaid
Unv Hlth	UH2017	3/30/23	5/14/23	26,000.00	Unpaid
Unv NM	UNM2005	4/3/23	5/3/23	63,123.39	Unpaid
Total				\$ 205,391.81	
Paid				42,445.00	
ll .					

TOTAL OUTSTANDING AMOUNT DUE \$ 162,946.81

A true and correct copy of each of the aforesaid invoices is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference as Exhibits "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", and "9"

respectively.

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- 27. Plaintiff has received payments from Defendants, and each of them, on invoices for which payment hereunder is not being sought. All payments made have been credited to Defendants' account with Plaintiff and there remains due, owing and unpaid from Defendants, and each of them, to Plaintiff, at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81).
- 28. Plaintiff knows, because it had access at all times hereto to Defendant Chim's bank account pursuant to Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto, that all of the aforesaid invoices were paid by Defendant Chim's customers and that Defendant T. Cartwright, without corporate documented authority to do so, transferred all of the funds received in payment of the aforesaid invoices from the corporate bank account of Defendant Chim to which Plaintiff had access to withdraw funds in payment of the outstanding indebtedness due to other bank accounts (at banks in the United States) of Defendants, and each of them, to which Plaintiff had no access and no power to withdraw the funds.
- 29. Furthermore, Plaintiff has verified with each of Defendant Chim's aforesaid customers that in fact the outstanding indebtedness due was timely paid in full to Defendant Chim.
- 30. Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant T. Cartwright, without documented corporate authority to do so, received payment on Invoice UH1016 (Exhibit "6" hereto) on March 22, 2023 by check, which check Defendant T. Cartwright, without documented corporate authority to do so, cashed and did not remit payment to Plaintiff.
- 31. Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant Chim also received payment on April 17, 2023 on Invoice UNM 2005 (Exhibit "9" hereto), and that Defendant T. Cartwright, without documented corporate authority to do so, diverted the monies immediately from the account to which Plaintiff had access to another account of Defendants at a bank or

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banks in the United States to which Plaintiff had no access and never remitted payment to Plaintiff.

- 32. Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that all of the aforesaid invoices have been paid to Defendant Chim by its customers, and that all of said payments have been diverted by Defendant T. Cartwright, without documented corporate authority to do so, to other accounts at a bank or banks in the United States, including her own and those of her children, Defendant J. Quinn and Defendant R. Quinn, all to Plaintiff's damage in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81).
- 33. Plaintiff is also entitled to interest on the unpaid outstanding amount due at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9".
- Pursuant to Paragraph 10 of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto, ". . . If Lunch engages legal counsel to collect payment on any receivables, Customer (Defendant Chim) shall be responsible for reimbursing Lunch for all legal fees and costs in connection with such collection efforts. . . . "
- 35. On April 10, 2023, Plaintiff sent an email to Defendant J. Quinn advising her that Defendant Chim's bank account ending in 2998 was no longer connected to Plaintiff's system as required by Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto. Plaintiff further advised Defendant J. Quinn that the bank account that had been connected by Defendant Chim had zero (0) valid accounts.
- On April 11, 2023, Defendant J. Quinn replied that "we will reconnect the 36. account today." Defendant J. Quinn also requested that Defendant T. Cartwright be added as a "user" to the account. Plaintiff advised Defendant J. Quinn that Defendant T. Cartwright could be added as a user and requested the contact information for her. Defendant J. Quinn advised that Defendant T. Cartwright's email address was tcartwright@chiminternational.com and her phone number of 412/49-8232. A true and Page 8

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correct copy of said email chain is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference as Exhibit "10".

- 37. On April 19, 2023, Plaintiff emailed Defendant T. Cartwright that "... a matching payment has landed for Invoice UNM2005 (Exhibit 10 hereto). We are going to initiate a withdrawal today, 4/19/2023 in the amount of \$63.123.39..." A true and correct copy of said email is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference as Exhibit "11".
- 38. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto, on April 21, 2023, Plaintiff initiated a debit for invoice UNM2005 (Exhibit "9" hereto) from Defendant Chim's bank account at Chase Bank/JP Morgan Chase Bank National Association more particularly identified as account #2746 ("Chase Bank account #2746").
- On April 26, 2023, Plaintiff sent an email to Defendant T. Cartwright that 39. "The debit that we initiated on 4/21/23 for Invoice UNM2005 in the amount of \$63,123.39 returned today due to insufficient funds. Can you please provide insight on why this happened?" A true and correct copy of said email is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference as Exhibit "12".
- On April 27, 2023, Defendant T. Cartwright responded to Plaintiff's email of April 26, 2023, stating ". . . There were additional unforeseen debits that were unaccounted/unplanned for and that affected our deposits. We will work on resolving the payment due on Invoice UNM2005 and will circle back with you as soon as possible...". A true and correct copy of said email is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference as Exhibit "13".
- From April 27, 2023 through May 9, 2023, Plaintiff sent repeated emails 41. to Defendant T. Cartwright, the last of which was sent on May 5, 2023 wherein Plaintiff advised Defendant T. Cartwright that Plaintiff had confirmed that all of the outstanding amounts due had been paid by Defendant Chim's customers to Defendant Chim and demanded payment forthwith of said amounts. To date, no further communications

- 42. Plaintiff did retain a collection agency to collect the outstanding amount due but to no avail. On May 26, 2023, a member of the collection agency spoke with Defendant R. Quinn who provided two apparently "fake" email addresses to said collection agency. No further communications were ever had thereafter with Defendants.
- 43. No further sums whatsoever have been paid to Plaintiff to date by Defendants or anyone acting on Defendants' behalf.

ALLEGATIONS RE DEFENDANTS' FRAUD

- 44. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based upon such information and belief alleges that the entire transaction between Plaintiff and Defendants, and each of them, was an elaborate fraudulent suppression of facts regarding the scheme concocted by Defendants, and each of them, to lull Plaintiff into a false sense of security that Defendant Chim was a legitimate company engaged in business and that it would pay to Plaintiff all monies advanced against invoices pursuant to Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto in a timely manner, as it did with the initial three (3) invoices.
 - 45. The true facts were as follows:
 - a. Defendant T. Cartwright knew at the time that her daughter, Defendant J. Quinn entered into Exhibit "1" and at the time that she entered into Exhibit "2" that Defendants had no intention of adhering to the terms of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto but rather paid only the first three (3) transactions (which were only \$42,445.00) in order to lull Plaintiff into a false sense of security that Defendants would in fact pay all sums advanced when due;
 - b. Defendant T. Cartwright never intended to pay the amounts due pursuant to Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto;

Page 10

- c. Defendant T. Cartwright always intended to and purposely did convert the funds advanced by Plaintiff to Defendant Chim to her own use and benefit; and
- d. Defendant T. Cartwright always intended to and purposely did convert the monies paid by Defendants' customers on the factored invoices to her own use and benefit which Defendants did when they cashed checks from Defendants' customers instead of depositing same to Defendant Chim's Chase Bank Account #2746 at Chase Bank and when they diverted payments made by Defendants' customers to a bank account in the United States to which Plaintiff had no access.
- 46. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and alleges, that Defendants did all of the aforesaid acts in order to suppress their actual intent and scheme as set forth above, which Plaintiff believes Defendants have perpetrated on other unsuspecting institutions such as Plaintiff in the past and will continue to do so in the future.

ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO 1557 CRESTVIEW DR., PITTSBURGH, PA

47. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that on or about November 23, 2020, Defendant T. Cartwright acquired that certain real property located at 1557 Crestview Drive, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania (the "Subject Real Property") and more particularly described as follows:

"ALL that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Borough of Franklin Park, County of Allegheny and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, being Lot No. 11 in the Ingomar Manor Plan of Lots as the same is recorded in the Department of Real Estate Office of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania in Plan Book Volume 42, page 141.

BEING known and designated as Block and Lot: 823-K-116 in the Deed Registry Office of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

UNDER AND SUBJECT to reservations, restrictions, easements and rights of way as the same may appear in prior instruments of record.

BEING the same premises which Garrett L. Cowles and Caroline M. Miller n/k/a Caroline M. Cowles, husband and wife, by Deed dated 11/09/2020 and

BEING the same premises which Alex P. Pearson and Diane M. Pearson, husband and wife, by Deed dated 10/04/2018 and recorded 10/11/2018 in the Department of Real Estate Office of Allegheny County in Deed Book Volume 17389, Page 544, granted and conveyed unto Garrett L. Cowles, unmarried and Caroline M. Miller, unmarried, as joint tenants with the right of survivorship.

TOGETHER WITH all and singular the buildings and improvements, ways, streets, alleys, driveways, passages, waters, water-courses, rights, liberties, privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances, whatsoever unto the hereby granted premises belonging, or in anywise appertaining, and the reversions and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof; and all the estate, right, title, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever of her, the said grantor as well at law as in equity, of, in and to the same"

Parcel ID No. 0823-K-00116-0000-00

- 48. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant T. Cartwright acquired the Subject Real Property by Conveyance Deed as a single woman from Caroline M. Cowles and Garrett L Cowles. A true and correct copy of the 2020 Conveyance Deed recorded as Document No. 2020-33489 in the County of Allegheny, State of Pittsburgh is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference as Exhibit "15".
- 49. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges, that in anticipation and furtherance of Defendant T. Cartwrights money laundering scheme as set forth hereinabove, on or about April 22, 2022 Defendant T. Cartwright executed a Conveyance Deed transferring all right, title and interest in and to the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY to Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn (Defendant T. Cartwright's children) *for inadequate or no consideration* which was not recorded until September 14, 2022 (the "9/14/22 Conveyance Deed") which is less than four (4) months prior to Chim's execution of Exhibit "1" hereto. A true and correct copy of the 9/14/22 Conveyance Deed recorded as Document No. 2022-29485 in the County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference as Exhibit "16".
 - 50. Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and upon such information and

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belief alleges, that on or about December 2, 2022, Defendant T. Cartwright executed a Corrective Conveyance Deed alleging "This transfer is from mother to children and is therefore tax exempt," which was recorded on December 12, 2022 (the "12/12/22 Conveyance Deed") as Document No. 2022-38630 with the Department of Real Estate in the County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania. A true and correct copy of the 12/12/22 Conveyance Deed is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference as Exhibit "17".

- 51. Plaintiff did not discover the transfer of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY pursuant to the 9/14/22 Conveyance Deed and the 12/12/22 Conveyance Deed until on or about August 1, 2023 when it undertook an asset investigation as to Defendant T. Cartwright.
- 52. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges, that the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY has a current fair market value of at least \$416,000.00 which Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, exceeds any currently recorded indebtedness against the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY.
- As hereinabove alleged, prior to the execution and recordation of the 9/14/22 Conveyance Deed and the 12/12/22 Conveyance Deed by Defendant T. Cartwright to Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn, Defendant T. Cartwright (1) had concocted her money laundering, wire fraud and theft/conversion scheme and had put said scheme into operation with other lenders such as Plaintiff herein, (2) knew that she was going to institute said scheme against money lenders, including Plaintiff, (3) would most likely be sued for the money laundering, wire fraud and theft/conversion scheme which she had undertaken and orchestrated and (4) wanted to ensure that she was virtually Judgment proof and devoid of assets against which to levy in the event of entry of a potential Judgment against her.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant T. Cartwright knew full well, at the time that she transferred the

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Subject Real Property from herself to Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn, that she had successfully divested herself of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY and was thereby unable to pay any obligations owed to Plaintiff and/or other financial lenders, and was also effectively putting the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY out of the reach of Plaintiff and/or other financial lenders.

55. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon such information and belief alleges, that the 9/14/22 Conveyance Deed recorded on September 14, 2022 and the 12/12/22 Conveyance Deed recorded on December 12, 2022 transferring the Subject Real Property from Defendant T. Cartwright to Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn is voidable as alleged herein pursuant to the California Voidable Transaction Act, California Civil Code Sections 3439-3439.14.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Written Contract)

AS AND FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FOR BREACH OF WRITTEN CONTRACT AGAINST DEFENDANTS CHIM, T. CARTWRIGHT, J. QUINN AND DOES 1 THROUGH 25, PLAINTIFF ALLEGES:

- Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 46, inclusive, of Plaintiff's Complaint with the same force and effect as though set forth in full herein.
- 57. There existed written contracts between Plaintiff and Defendants, and each of them, the terms of which are set forth at Paragraphs 18 through 43, above and on Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto.
- 58. Plaintiff has performed all terms, conditions and covenants required by it under the written contracts described hereinabove.
- Defendants have failed to perform the various material covenants, terms and conditions required of them under the written contracts as set forth hereinabove. Thus, Defendants are in material breach of the written contracts between the parties.
 - 60. As a result of Defendants' breach of the terms and conditions of the written Page 14

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agreement and invoices between Plaintiff and Defendants, and each of them, Plaintiff has been damaged in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or according to proof at the time of trial together with interest thereon at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the "Payment Date" set forth on each invoice attached hereto as Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9".

61. Plaintiff has employed RONALD P. SLATES, A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION, a duly licensed and registered professional corporation by the State Bar of California, to file and prosecute this action and has been obligated to pay said law corporation a fee for the services rendered by it to Plaintiff at the rate of Managing Attorney Ronald P. Slates at \$695.00 per hour, \$595.00 per hour for legal services rendered by Senior Attorneys "Of Counsel", Daren Schlecter and Gerald Zack, \$550.00 per hour for services rendered by Associate Attorneys, \$495.00 per hour for services rendered by Senior Legal Assistant, \$395.00 per hour for services rendered by Senior Paralegal and \$395.00 per hour for services rendered by In-House Investigator/Registered Process Server Carl Knapp. Therefore, pursuant to Paragraph 10 of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto, and as provided by California law, Plaintiff seeks attorney's fees and costs herein in at least the sum of Seventy Five Thousand and 00/100 Dollars (\$75,000.000) or according to proof at the time of trial.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Oral Contract)

AS AND FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR BREACH OF ORAL CONTRACT AGAINST DEFENDANTS CHIM, T. CARTWRIGHT, J. QUINN AND DOES 1 THROUGH 25, PLAINTIFF ALLEGES:

- Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 46, inclusive, of Plaintiff's Complaint with the same force and effect as though set forth in full herein.
 - There existed oral contracts between Plaintiff and Defendants, and each 63.

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- 64. Plaintiff has performed all terms, conditions and covenants required by it under the oral contracts described hereinabove and as memorialized in Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto.
- 65. Defendants have failed to perform the various material covenants, terms and conditions required of them as set forth hereinabove pursuant to the oral contracts (which are memorialized in Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto). Thus, Defendants are in material breach of the oral contracts between the parties.
- 66. As a result of Defendants' breach of the terms and conditions of the oral agreements and invoices between Plaintiff and Defendants, and each of them, Plaintiff has been damaged in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or according to proof at the time of trial together with interest thereon at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the "Payment Date" set forth on each invoice attached hereto as Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9",
- 67. Plaintiff has employed RONALD P. SLATES, A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION, a duly licensed and registered professional corporation by the State Bar of California, to file and prosecute this action and has been obligated to pay said law corporation a fee for the services rendered by it to Plaintiff at the rate of Managing Attorney Ronald P. Slates at \$695.00 per hour, \$595.00 per hour for legal services rendered by Senior Attorneys "Of Counsel", Daren Schlecter and Gerald Zack, \$550.00 per hour for services rendered by Associate Attorneys, \$495.00 per hour for services rendered by Senior Legal Assistant, \$395.00 per hour for services rendered by Senior \$395.00 per hour for services rendered by In-House Paralegal and Investigator/Registered Process Server Carl Knapp. Therefore, pursuant to Paragraph 10 of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto, and as provided by California law, Plaintiff seeks attorney's fees and costs herein in at least the sum of Seventy Five Thousand and Page 16

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00/100 Dollars (\$75,000.000) or according to proof at the time of trial.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violations of the Racketeering Influence and Corrupt Organizations Act ("RICO")

AS AND FOR A THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE RACKETEERING INFLUENCE AND CORRUPT ORGANIZATIONS ACT ("RICO") (WIRE FRAUD) AGAINST DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM, PLAINTIFF ALLEGES:

- 68. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 46, inclusive, Paragraphs 57 through 61, inclusive and Paragraphs 63 through 67, inclusive of its Complaint with the same force and effect as though set forth in full.
- 69. The relevant time period for Defendants Chim's and T. Cartwright's pattern of racketeering stems from at least January 17, 2020 through the present, and possibly earlier, but at this point in discovery is as yet unknown and continues to the filing of this RICO Complaint.
- Defendant T. Cartwright is now and was at all times relevant to this action a RICO Person ("RICO Person") within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961(3) and 1962(c).
- 71. Defendant J. Quinn is now and was at all times relevant to this action a RICO Person ("RICO Person") within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961(3) and 1962(c).
- 72. Defendant R. Quinn is now and was at all times relevant to this action a RICO Person ("RICO Person") within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961(3) and 1962(c).

The RICO Enterprise

73. The RICO Persons have used the corporate entity, Defendant Chim, within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961(4), to carry out the pattern of racketeering activity. This enterprise consists of the RICO business (Defendant Chim) and the RICO persons,

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- 74. This association-in-fact enterprise of Defendants also consists of non-Defendants DOES 1 through 10, inclusive (the "Rico Family and Friends"). Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that all of the afore-named individuals facilitated and assisted the RICO Person defined hereinabove, in carrying out the enterprise described hereinabove and hereinbelow but their identities are as yet unknown to Plaintiff. Plaintiff will amend its Complaint to set forth their true names when same have been ascertained.
- 75. Defendant Chim is an enterprise that exists separate and apart from Defendants T. Cartwright's, J. Quinn's and R. Quinn's pattern of racketeering activity inasmuch as the RICO Persons, the RICO Business, the Rico Family and the Rico Family and Friends have multiple goals, not all of which are fraudulent or illegal. The lawful activity engaged in by the Chim enterprise includes functioning as a regular business which provides medical coding and billing services to the clients of Defendant Chim. However, The RICO Persons, the RICO business, the Rico Family and the Rico Family and Friends have, since at least February of 2023, used this enterprise to conduct the repetitive acts of wire fraud which compromise comprising the pattern of racketeering, as well as the continuous acts set forth herein above, which constitute violations of the criminal acts of wire fraud.
- 76. Defendant T. Cartwright is a "person" under the civil RICO statute because she knowingly and fraudulently masterminded, conducted and participated in the conduct, the management and the operation of the enterprise's affairs, directly or

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indirectly, through a pattern of wire fraud racketeering activity in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c).

- 77. As part of the wire fraud scheme, Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn, at the direction of Defendant T. Cartwright, used a complex scheme to transfer funds which rightfully belonged to Plaintiff pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto to banks, other than Chase Bank account #2746 where the funds from 3rd party vendors were to be deposited pursuant to said written agreements, in Pennsylvania and elsewhere in the United States.
- 78. At all relevant times, the Defendants and other conspirators associated with the Chim enterprise conducted and participated, directly or indirectly, in the conduct of the enterprise affairs through a "pattern of racketeering activity" within the meaning of RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1961(5), in violation of RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1962(e).
- 79. Specifically, at all relevant times, Defendants T. Cartwright, J. Quinn and R. Quinn engaged in "racketeering activity" within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1961(1) by engaging in the acts set forth above against Plaintiff, and other financial institutions in the marketplace all with the express purpose of avoiding payment of the outstanding amounts due to Plaintiff.
- 80. In furtherance of this racketeering pattern, since February 9, 2023, Defendants caused monies to be transferred into bank accounts to which Plaintiff did not have access and used said funds to pay down the mortgage and/or cover expenses for the Subject Real Property, which property had been purchased in November of 2020 by Defendant T. Cartwright.
- In addition, Defendants, as part of their racketeering activity also took the 81. funds illegally taken out of the Chase Bank account #2746 to which Plaintiff had access and deposited those funds into accounts at Banks in the United States to which Plaintiff did not have access, and said funds were also used to pay the personal and/or business expenses of Defendant Chim and/or Defendant T. Cartwright.
 - Thus, the acts set forth above constitute a violation of one or more of the 82. Page 19

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following statutes: 18 U.S.C. § 1956 and § 1957 (wire fraud, money laundering and theft/conversion). Defendants and their accomplices and co-conspirators each committed and/or aided and abetted in the commission of two or more of these acts of racketeering activities.

- 83. The acts by the RICO Persons in furtherance of their wire fraud scheme to launder funds and convert same to her own use to avoid payment of the outstanding amounts due to Plaintiff constituted a pattern of racketeering activity within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1961(5) because the predicate acts are repetitive, related and continuous. Each predicate act described herein above had the same or similar purpose: the predicate acts involved material misrepresentations, omissions and concealment in a scheme to injure Plaintiff and defraud Plaintiff of the monies rightfully due to it pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto. This pattern of racketeering is separate and distinct from the legitimate business activities of Defendant Chim.
- 84. Defendants and other disparagers committed acts in violation of 18 U.S.C. §1956(a)(1) in which Defendants conducted a financial transaction, namely, the transferance of funds out of bank accounts to which Plaintiff had agreed upon access with the specific intent of designing or concealing or disguising the nature, location, source, ownership or control of the proceeds. See 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(i).
- 85. In addition, Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the multiple transactions were undertaken by the Defendants with the knowledge that the transaction was designed to avoid the transaction reporting requirements under Federal [e.g., in violation of 31 U.S.C. §§5313 (currency transaction reports), 5316 (Currency and Monetary Instruments Reports), or 26 U.S.C. §6050I (Internal Revenue Service Form 8300)].
- Defendants, indeed, have, through their misconduct described hereinabove violated 18 U.S.C. §1957, because these Defendants, or at the very least Defendant T. Cartwright, conducted multiple monetary transactions that were criminal by nature Page 20

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because the funds were illegally taken out of bank accounts to which Plaintiff had access pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto and turned into cash and/or placed in bank accounts over which Plaintiff had no access, and that such property was in an amount greater than \$10,000. See U.S.C. §1957(f)(1). These transactions included deposits, withdrawals, transfers, or exchanges, in or effecting interstate commerce, of funds or monetary instruments that by, or through, to a financial institution, including any transaction that would be defined as a transaction under 18 U.S.C. §§1956(c)(3) and 1956(c)(4).

- 87. Furthermore, each one of these financial transactions constitutes a separate act unless there is a pattern of illegal conduct that qualifies for invocation of the RICO statute. See, e.g., United States v. Prescott, 42 Cap.F.3d 1165 (8th Cir. 1994); United States v. Conley, 826 F.Supp. 1536 (W.D.Pa. 1998).
- 88. There is extra territorial jurisdiction for these violations as the transactions in question not only exceed \$10,000, but also that the wire fraud was by a United States citizen and the conduct occured in the United States. See 18 U.S.C. §§1956(f), 1957(d).
- 89. The acts of racketeering activity previously described constitute a "pattern of racketeering activity" within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1951(5).
- 90. The acts alleged were related to each other by virtue of common participants, common victims and a common result of fraud and enriching the Defendants and conspirators at Plaintiff's expense while concealing the conspirators' fraudulent activities. The wire fraud scheme continues and would have remained unknown but for Plaintiff having discovered the fraudulent activities when it attempted to debit the Chase bank account #2746 of Defendant Chim and there were no funds present therein after Plaintiff had confirmed that Defendant Chim's 3rd party vendors had in fact paid all outstanding amounts due to Defendant Chim.
- To date, Plaintiff has been damaged in at least the sum of One Hundred 91. Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or

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according to proof at the time of trial plus prejudgment interest and attorneys' fees.

92. Pursuant to RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1964(c), Plaintiff is entitled to recover three-fold its damages, plus costs and attorneys' fees from the Defendants.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violations of the Racketeering Influence and Corrupt Organizations Act ("RICO")

AS AND FOR A FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE RACKETEERING INFLUENCE AND CORRUPT ORGANIZATIONS ACT ("RICO") (MONEY LAUNDERING) AGAINST DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM, PLAINTIFF ALLEGES:

- 93. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 46, inclusive, Paragraphs 57 through 61, inclusive and Paragraphs 63 through 67, inclusive of its Complaint with the same force and effect as though set forth in full.
- 94. The relevant time period for Defendants Chim's and T. Cartwright's pattern of racketeering stems from at least January 17, 2020 through the present, and possibly earlier, but at this point in discovery is as yet unknown and continues to the filing of this RICO Complaint.
- 95. Defendant T. Cartwright is now and was at all times relevant to this action a RICO Person ("RICO Person") within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961(3) and 1962(c).
- 96. Defendant J. Quinn is now and was at all times relevant to this action a RICO Person ("RICO Person") within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961(3) and 1962(c).
- 97. Defendant R. Quinn is now and was at all times relevant to this action a RICO Person ("RICO Person") within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961(3) and 1962(c).

The RICO Enterprise

98. The RICO Persons have used the corporate entity, Defendant Chim, within Page 22

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the meaning of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961(4), to carry out the pattern of racketeering activity.

- 99. This association-in-fact enterprise of Defendants also consists of non-Defendants DOES 1 through 10, inclusive (the "Rico Family and Friends"). Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that all of the afore-named individuals facilitated and assisted the RICO Person defined hereinabove, in carrying out the enterprise described hereinabove and hereinbelow but their identities are as yet unknown to Plaintiff. Plaintiff will amend its Complaint to set forth their true names when same have been ascertained.
- Defendants T. Cartwright's, J. Quinn's and R. Quinn's pattern of racketeering activity inasmuch as the RICO Persons, the RICO Business, the Rico Family and the Rico Family and Friends have multiple goals, not all of which are fraudulent or illegal. The lawful activity engaged in by the Chim enterprise includes functioning as a regular business which provides medical coding and billing services to the clients of Defendant Chim. However, The RICO Persons, the RICO business, the Rico Family and the Rico Family and Friends have, since at least February of 2023, used this enterprise to conduct the repetitive acts of money laundering which compromise comprising the pattern of racketeering, as well as the continuous acts set forth herein above, which constitute violations of the criminal acts of money laundering.
 - 101. Defendant T. Cartwright is a "person" under the civil RICO statute
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because she knowingly and fraudulently masterminded, conducted and participated in the conduct, the management and the operation of the enterprise's affairs, directly or indirectly, through a pattern of money laundering racketeering activity in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c).

- 102. As part of the money laundering scheme, Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn, at the direction of Defendant T. Cartwright, used a complex scheme to transfer funds which rightfully belonged to Plaintiff pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto to banks, other than Chase Bank account #2746 where the funds from 3rd party vendors were to be deposited pursuant to said written agreements, in Pennsylvania and elsewhere in the United States.
- 103. At all relevant times, the Defendants and other conspirators associated with the Chim enterprise conducted and participated, directly or indirectly, in the conduct of the enterprise affairs through a "pattern of racketeering activity" within the meaning of RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1961(5), in violation of RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1962(e).
- 104. Specifically, at all relevant times, Defendants T. Cartwright, J. Quinn and R. Quinn engaged in "racketeering activity" within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1961(1) by engaging in the acts set forth above against Plaintiff, and other financial institutions in the marketplace all with the express purpose of avoiding payment of the outstanding amounts due to Plaintiff.
- 105. In furtherance of this racketeering pattern, since February 9, 2023, Defendants caused monies to be transferred into bank accounts to which Plaintiff did not have access and used said funds to pay down the mortgage and/or cover expenses for the Subject Real Property, which property had been purchased in November of 2020 by Defendant T. Cartwright.
- 106. In addition, Defendants, as part of their racketeering activity also took the funds illegally taken out of the Chase Bank account #2746 to which Plaintiff had access and deposited those funds into accounts at Banks in the United States to which Plaintiff did not have access, and said funds were also used to pay the personal and/or business

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expenses of Defendant Chim and/or Defendant T. Cartwright.

107. Thus, the acts set forth above constitute a violation of one or more of the following statutes:18 U.S.C. § 1956 and § 1957 (wire fraud, money laundering and theft/conversion). Defendants and their accomplices and co-conspirators each committed and/or aided and abetted in the commission of two or more of these acts of racketeering activities.

108. The acts by the RICO Persons in furtherance of their money laundering scheme to launder funds and convert same to her own use to avoid payment of the outstanding amounts due to Plaintiff constituted a pattern of racketeering activity within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1961(5) because the predicate acts are repetitive, related and continuous. Each predicate act described herein above had the same or similar purpose: the predicate acts involved material misrepresentations, omissions and concealment in a scheme to injure Plaintiff and defraud Plaintiff of the monies rightfully due to it pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto. This pattern of racketeering is separate and distinct from the legitimate business activities of Defendant Chim.

109. Defendants and other disparagers committed acts in violation of 18 U.S.C. §1956(a)(1) in which Defendants conducted a financial transaction, namely, the transference of funds out of bank accounts to which Plaintiff had agreed upon access with the specific intent of designing or concealing or disguising the nature, location, source, ownership or control of the proceeds. See 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(i).

110. In addition, Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the multiple transactions were undertaken by the Defendants with the knowledge that the transaction was designed to avoid the transaction reporting requirements under Federal [e.g., in violation of 31 U.S.C. §§5313 (currency transaction reports), 5316 (Currency and Monetary Instruments Reports), or 26 U.S.C. §6050I (Internal Revenue Service Form 8300)].

111. Defendants, indeed, have, through their misconduct described hereinabove Page 25

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violated 18 U.S.C. §1957, because these Defendants, or at the very least Defendant T. Cartwright, conducted multiple monetary transactions that were criminal by nature because the funds were illegally taken out of bank accounts to which Plaintiff had access pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto and turned into cash and/or placed in bank accounts over which Plaintiff had no access, and that such property was in an amount greater than \$10,000. See U.S.C. §1957(f)(1). These transactions included deposits, withdrawals, transfers, or exchanges, in or effecting interstate commerce, of funds or monetary instruments that by, or through, to a financial institution, including any transaction that would be defined as a transaction under 18 U.S.C. §§1956(c)(3) and 1956(c)(4).

- 112. Furthermore, each one of these financial transactions constitutes a separate act unless there is a pattern of illegal conduct that qualifies for invocation of the RICO statute. See, e.g., United States v. Prescott, 42 Cap.F.3d 1165 (8th Cir. 1994); United States v. Conley, 826 F.Supp. 1536 (W.D.Pa. 1998).
- 113. There is extra territorial jurisdiction for these violations as the transactions in question not only exceed \$10,000, but also that the money laundering was by a United States citizen and the conduct occured in the United States. See 18 U.S.C. §§1956(f), 1957(d).
- 114. The acts of racketeering activity previously described constitute a "pattern of racketeering activity" within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1951(5).
- 115. The acts alleged were related to each other by virtue of common participants, common victims and a common result of fraud and enriching the Defendants and conspirators at Plaintiff's expense while concealing the conspirators' fraudulent activities. The money laundering scheme continues and would have remained unknown but for Plaintiff having discovered the fraudulent activities when it attempted to debit the Chase bank account #2746 of Defendant Chim and there were no funds present therein after Plaintiff had confirmed that Defendant Chim's 3rd party vendors had in fact paid all outstanding amounts due to Defendant Chim.

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- 116. To date, Plaintiff has been damaged in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or according to proof at the time of trial plus prejudgment interest and attorneys' fees.
- 117. Pursuant to RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1964(c), Plaintiff is entitled to recover three-fold its damages, plus costs and attorneys' fees from the Defendants.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violations of the Racketeering Influence and Corrupt Organizations Act ("RICO")

AS AND FOR A FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE RACKETEERING INFLUENCE AND CORRUPT ORGANIZATIONS ACT ("RICO") (THEFT/CONVERSION) AGAINST DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM, PLAINTIFF ALLEGES:

- 118. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 46, inclusive, Paragraphs 57 through 61, inclusive and Paragraphs 63 through 67, inclusive of its Complaint with the same force and effect as though set forth in full.
- 119. The relevant time period for Defendants Chim's and T. Cartwright's pattern of racketeering stems from at least January 17, 2020 through the present, and possibly earlier, but at this point in discovery is as yet unknown and continues to the filing of this RICO Complaint.
- 120. Defendant T. Cartwright is now and was at all times relevant to this action a RICO Person ("RICO Person") within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961(3) and 1962(c).
- 121. Defendant J. Quinn is now and was at all times relevant to this action a RICO Person ("RICO Person") within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961(3) and 1962(c).
- 122. Defendant R. Quinn is now and was at all times relevant to this action a RICO Person ("RICO Person") within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961(3) and 1962(c).

The RICO Enterprise

123. The RICO Persons have used the corporate entity, Defendant Chim, within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1961(4), to carry out the pattern of racketeering activity. This enterprise consists of the RICO business (Defendant Chim) and the RICO persons, Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn, along with Defendant T. Cartwright (the "Rico Family"). This enterprise possessed and continues to possess a common purpose and goal, a membership, organizational structure, and an ongoing relationship amongst the RICO Persons, the RICO business (which was incorporated by Defendant T. Cartwright in or about January 17, 2020) and the Rico Family with sufficient longevity to permit and enable pursuit of the enterprise's purpose and long term objective through a continuous course of conduct that affected and continues to affect interstate commerce.

124. This association-in-fact enterprise of Defendants also consists of non-Defendants DOES 1 through 10, inclusive (the "Rico Family and Friends"). Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that all of the afore-named individuals facilitated and assisted the RICO Person defined hereinabove, in carrying out the enterprise described hereinabove and hereinbelow but their identities are as yet unknown to Plaintiff. Plaintiff will amend its Complaint to set forth their true names when same have been ascertained.

Defendants T. Cartwright's, J. Quinn's and R. Quinn's pattern of racketeering activity inasmuch as the RICO Persons, the RICO Business, the Rico Family and the Rico Family and Friends have multiple goals, not all of which are fraudulent or illegal. The lawful activity engaged in by the Chim enterprise includes functioning as a regular business which provides medical coding and billing services to the clients of Defendant Chim. However, The RICO Persons, the RICO business, the Rico Family and the Rico Family and Friends have, since at least February of 2023, used this enterprise to conduct the repetitive acts of theft/conversion which compromise comprising the pattern of racketeering, as well as the continuous acts set forth herein above, which

 constitute violations of the criminal acts of theft/conversion.

- 126. Defendant T. Cartwright is a "person" under the civil RICO statute because she knowingly and fraudulently masterminded, conducted and participated in the conduct, the management and the operation of the enterprise's affairs, directly or indirectly, through a pattern of theft/conversion racketeering activity in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c).
- 127. As part of the theft/conversion scheme, Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn, at the direction of Defendant T. Cartwright, used a complex scheme to transfer funds which rightfully belonged to Plaintiff pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto to banks, other than Chase Bank account #2746 where the funds from 3rd party vendors were to be deposited pursuant to said written agreements, in Pennsylvania and elsewhere in the United States.
- 128. At all relevant times, the Defendants and other conspirators associated with the Chim enterprise conducted and participated, directly or indirectly, in the conduct of the enterprise affairs through a "pattern of racketeering activity" within the meaning of RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1961(5), in violation of RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1962(e).
- 129. Specifically, at all relevant times, Defendants T. Cartwright, J. Quinn and R. Quinn engaged in "racketeering activity" within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1961(1) by engaging in the acts set forth above against Plaintiff, and other financial institutions in the marketplace all with the express purpose of avoiding payment of the outstanding amounts due to Plaintiff.
- 130. In furtherance of this racketeering pattern, since February 9, 2023, Defendants caused monies to be transferred into bank accounts to which Plaintiff did not have access and used said funds to pay down the mortgage and/or cover expenses for the Subject Real Property, which property had been purchased in November of 2020 by Defendant T. Cartwright.
- 131. In addition, Defendants, as part of their racketeering activity also took the funds illegally taken out of the Chase Bank account #2746 to which Plaintiff had access

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and deposited those funds into accounts at Banks in the United States to which Plaintiff did not have access, and said funds were also used to pay the personal and/or business expenses of Defendant Chim and/or Defendant T. Cartwright.

- 132. Thus, the acts set forth above constitute a violation of one or more of the following statutes: 18 U.S.C. § 1956 and § 1957 (wire fraud, money laundering and theft/conversion). Defendants and their accomplices and co-conspirators each committed and/or aided and abetted in the commission of two or more of these acts of racketeering activities.
- 133. The acts by the RICO Persons in furtherance of their theft/conversion scheme to launder funds and convert same to her own use to avoid payment of the outstanding amounts due to Plaintiff constituted a pattern of racketeering activity within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1961(5) because the predicate acts are repetitive, related and continuous. Each predicate act described herein above had the same or similar purpose: the predicate acts involved material misrepresentations, omissions and concealment in a scheme to injure Plaintiff and defraud Plaintiff of the monies rightfully due to it pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto. This pattern of racketeering is separate and distinct from the legitimate business activities of Defendant Chim. Defendants and other disparagers committed acts in violation of 18 U.S.C. §1956(a)(1) in which Defendants conducted a financial transaction, namely, the transferance of funds out of bank accounts to which Plaintiff had agreed upon access with the specific intent of designing or concealing or disguising the nature, location, source, ownership or control of the proceeds. See 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(i).
- 134. In addition, Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the multiple transactions were undertaken by the Defendants with the knowledge that the transaction was designed to avoid the transaction reporting requirements under Federal [e.g., in violation of 31 U.S.C. §§5313 (currency transaction reports), 5316 (Currency and Monetary Instruments Reports), or 26 U.S.C. §6050I (Internal Revenue Service

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135. Defendants, indeed, have, through their misconduct described hereinabove violated 18 U.S.C. §1957, because these Defendants, or at the very least Defendant T. Cartwright, conducted multiple monetary transactions that were criminal by nature because the funds were illegally taken out of bank accounts to which Plaintiff had access pursuant to the terms and conditions of Exhibits "1" and "2" hereto and turned into cash and/or placed in bank accounts over which Plaintiff had no access, and that such property was in an amount greater than \$10,000. See U.S.C. §1957(f)(1). These transactions included deposits, withdrawals, transfers, or exchanges, in or effecting interstate commerce, of funds or monetary instruments that by, or through, to a financial institution, including any transaction that would be defined as a transaction under 18 U.S.C. §§1956(c)(3) and 1956(c)(4).

136. Furthermore, each one of these financial transactions constitutes a separate act unless there is a pattern of illegal conduct that qualifies for invocation of the RICO statute. See, e.g., United States v. Prescott, 42 Cap.F.3d 1165 (8th Cir. 1994); United States v. Conley, 826 F.Supp. 1536 (W.D.Pa. 1998).

- 137. There is extra territorial jurisdiction for these violations as the transactions in question not only exceed \$10,000, but also that the theft/conversion was by a United States citizen and the conduct occurred in the United States. See 18 U.S.C. §§1956(f), 1957(d).
- 138. The acts of racketeering activity previously described constitute a "pattern of racketeering activity" within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1951(5).
- 139. The acts alleged were related to each other by virtue of common participants, common victims and a common result of fraud and enriching the Defendants and conspirators at Plaintiff's expense while concealing the conspirators' fraudulent activities. The theft/conversion scheme continues and would have remained unknown but for Plaintiff having discovered the fraudulent activities when it attempted to debit the Chase bank account #2746 of Defendant Chim and there were no funds

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present therein after Plaintiff had confirmed that Defendant Chim's 3rd party vendors had in fact paid all outstanding amounts due to Defendant Chim.

- 140. To date, Plaintiff has been damaged in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or according to proof at the time of trial plus prejudgment interest and attorneys' fees.
- 141. Pursuant to RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1964(c), Plaintiff is entitled to recover three-fold its damages, plus costs and attorneys' fees from the Defendants.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Voidable Transaction – California Civil Code Section 3439.04(a)(1))

AS AND FOR A SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION TO SET ASIDE TRANSACTIONS MADE WITH ACTUAL INTENT TO HINDER, DELAY OR DEFRAUD A CREDITOR AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS T. CARTWRIGHT, J. QUINN, R. QUINN AND DOES 1 THROUGH 25, INCLUSIVE, PLAINTIFF **ALLEGES:**

- 142. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 55, inclusive, Paragraphs 57 through 61, inclusive, and Paragraphs 63 through 67, inclusive of its Complaint with the same force and effect as though set forth in full.
- 143. As alleged hereinabove, Defendant T. Cartwright is indebted to Plaintiff based on the wire fraud, money laundering, theft/conversion and fraudulent activities of Defendant T. Cartwright in the sum of at least One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81).
- 144. Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant T. Cartwright transferred the Subject Real Property by the 9/14/22 Conveyance Deed and the 12/12/22 Conveyance Deed to Defendants J.Quinn and R. Quinn for inadequate or no consideration and for the purpose of and with actual intent of hindering, delaying or defrauding Plaintiff in the collection of the outstanding amounts due to Plaintiff as set forth herein. See Exhibits 16 and 17 hereto.
 - 145. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and Page 32

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belief alleges, that Defendant T. Cartwright remains in possession and/or control of the Subject Real Property in that she still resides at the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY despite having changed title thereto to her children, Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn.

- 146. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that the aforementioned transfer and further encumbrance of the Subject Real Property was made with actual intent to hinder, delay, or defraud Plaintiff and other possible financial lenders in the collection of the debts owed by Defendant T. Cartwright to Plaintiff as demonstrated by the following statutorily recognized "badges of fraud," including, but not limited to:
 - The 9/14/22 and the 12/12/22 transfer of the Subject Real Property a. was to insiders, i.e., Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn, which Plaintiff is informed and believes and based upon such information and belief alleges, are Defendant T. Cartwright's adult children;
 - b. Defendant T. Cartwright, the mastermind behind the wire fraud, money laundering and theft/conversion scheme perpetrated upon Plaintiff as set forth hereinabove, retained possession and/or control of the Subject Real Property after the transfer to Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn;
 - The 9/14/22 and the 12/12/22 transfer of the Subject Real Property C. was to insiders, i.e., Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn, the adult children of Defendant T. Cartwright; and
 - The transfers and further encumbrance of the Subject Real Property d. were never disclosed to Plaintiff;
 - The transfers of the Subject Real Property was a substantial part or e. all of Defendant T. Cartwright's assets, and that because of the transfers of the Subject Real Property, Defendant T. Cartwright was rendered insolvent; and
 - f. The value of the consideration received by Defendant T. Cartwright Page 33

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(\$0.00) for the foregoing transaction was not reasonably equivalent to the value of the asset transferred and/or encumbered, which Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, now has a fair market value of at least \$416,000.00.

- 147. As a proximate result of the transactions alleged herein made with actual intent to hinder, delay or defraud Plaintiff, Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant T. Cartwright is without assets to satisfy the Judgment when obtained to Plaintiff, which as a result has damaged Plaintiff in at least the sum of plus interest at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9" plus costs according to proof and attorneys' fees according to proof but in at least the sum of \$75,000.00, or in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 148. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant T. Cartwright's conduct as the transferor and Defendants J. Quinn's and R. Quinn's conduct as the transferee of the Subject Real Property as alleged herein was a substantial factor in causing harm to Plaintiff as alleged herein.
- 149. At all times mentioned herein, Defendants, and each of them, knew of Plaintiff's potential claims against Defendant T. Cartwright and knew that Plaintiff's potential claims could be satisfied by levying on the Subject Real Property and obtaining an Order to sell the Subject Real Property. Notwithstanding this knowledge, Defendants, and each of them, intentionally, willfully, fraudulently, and maliciously did the things herein alleged to defraud and oppress Plaintiff.
- 150. The aforementioned conduct was made with the intention on the part of the Defendants named herein of depriving Plaintiff of property or legal rights or otherwise causing Plaintiff's injury, and was despicable conduct that subjected Plaintiff to a cruel and unjust hardship in conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights, so as to justify an award of punitive and exemplary damages against Defendants, and each of them.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Voidable Transaction – California Civil Code Section 3439.04(a)(2))

AS AND FOR A SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION TO SET ASIDE TRANSACTIONS MADE WITHOUT RECEIVING REASONABLY EQUIVALENT VALUE IN EXCHANGE FOR THE TRANSFER AS AGAINST DEFENDANTS, T. CARTWRIGHT, J. QUINN, R. QUINN AND DOES 1 THROUGH 25, INCLUSIVE, PLAINTIFF ALLEGES:

- 151. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 55, inclusive, Paragraphs 57 through 61, inclusive, and Paragraphs 63 through 67, inclusive of its Complaint with the same force and effect as though set forth in full.
- 152. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that the value of the consideration received by Defendant T. Cartwright (\$0.00) for the transaction alleged herein regarding the Subject Real Property was not reasonably equivalent to the value of the asset transferred and/or encumbered, which Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, now has a fair market value of at least \$416,000.00.
- 153. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that at the time of the transfers of the Subject Real Property, Defendant T. Cartwright was engaged or was about to engage in a transaction for which her remaining assets were unreasonably small in relation to the transaction. In the alternative, Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that at the time of the transfer of the Subject Real Property to Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn from Defendant T. Cartwright, Defendant T. Cartwright intended to incur, or believed or reasonably should have believed that she would incur, debts beyond her ability to pay as they became due.
- 154. As a proximate result of the transactions alleged herein regarding the Subject Real Property, Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant T. Cartwright is without assets to satisfy

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the outstanding amounts owed to Plaintiff in the within action, which as a result has damaged Plaintiff in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) plus interest at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9" plus costs according to proof and attorneys' fees according to proof but in at least the sum of \$75,000.00, or in an amount to be determined at trial.

155. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant T. Cartwright's conduct as the transferor and Defendants J. Quinn's and R. Quinn's conduct as the transferee of the Subject Real Property as alleged herein was a substantial factor in causing harm to Plaintiff as alleged herein.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Voidable Transaction – California Civil Code Section 3439.05)

AS AND FOR AN EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION TO SET ASIDE TRANSACTIONS MADE WITHOUT RECEIVING REASONABLY EQUIVALENT VALUE IN EXCHANGE FOR THE TRANSFER LEAVING THE DEBTOR INSOLVENT AS AGAINST DEFENDANTS T. CARTWRIGHT, J. QUINN, R. QUINN AND DOES 1 THROUGH 25, PLAINTIFF ALLEGES:

- 156. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 55, inclusive, Paragraphs 57 through 61, inclusive, and Paragraphs 63 through 67, inclusive of its Complaint with the same force and effect as though set forth in full.
- 157. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that the value of the consideration received by Defendant T. Cartwright (\$0.00) for the transaction alleged herein regarding the Subject Real Property was not reasonably equivalent to the value of the asset transferred, which Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, now has a fair market value of at least \$416,000.00.
- 158. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that at the time of the transfer of the Subject Real Property, Defendants

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knew or should have known that their wire fraud, money laundering and theft/conversion scheme would result in Plaintiff making a claim against Defendant T. Cartwright as alleged herein. Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that at the time of the transfer of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY, Defendants T. Cartwright was insolvent or became insolvent as a result of the transfer of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY to Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn, Defendant T. Cartwright's adult children.

159. As a proximate result of the transfer of the Subject Real Property, Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant T. Cartwright is without assets to satisfy the claim for monies owed to Plaintiff in the within action, which as a result has damaged Plaintiff in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) plus interest at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9" plus costs according to proof and attorneys' fees according to proof but in at least the sum of \$75,000.00, or in an amount to be determined at trial.

160. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that Defendant T. Cartwright's conduct as the transferor and Defendants J. Quinn's and R. Quinn's conduct as the transferee of the Subject Real Property as alleged herein was a substantial factor in causing harm to Plaintiff as alleged herein.

NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Fraud and Deceit - Intentional Misrepresentation - Suppression of Fact)

AS AND FOR A NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR FRAUD AND DECEIT -INTENTIONAL MISREPRESENTATION - SUPPRESSION OF FACT, AGAINST DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM, PLAINTIFF ALLEGES:

161. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 55, inclusive, Paragraphs 57 through 61, inclusive, and Paragraphs 63 through 67, inclusive of its Complaint with the same force and effect as though set forth in full.

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162. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief alleges, that commencing on February 9, 2023 and continuing through the present, Defendants, and each of them, through T. Cartwright and J. Quinn, falsely, fraudulently and intentionally made the representations telephonically and in writing (via email) set forth in Paragraphs 18 through 47 hereinabove and as evidenced by Exhibits "1" through "14" hereto.

163. The representations made by Defendants, and each of them, were in fact false, fraudulent and intentional. The true facts were that Defendants, and each of them, through T. Cartwright and J. Quinn, knew, at the time they made the foregoing false and fraudulent representations that Defendants had no intention of paying the outstanding amounts due to Plaintiff and in truth and in fact it was a "scheme" orchestrated by Defendants to deprive Plaintiff of the monies to which it was rightfully entitled. All of the false and fraudulent representations were made by Defendants, through T. Cartwright and J. Quinn, to induce Plaintiff into factoring the invoices/accounts receivable of Defendant Chim so that Defendants, and each of them, could divert the funds received from Defendants' customers in payment of invoices to their own use and benefit.

164. Furthermore, Plaintiff believes that (a) the payment by Defendants on the first three invoices factored (Exhibits "3", "4" and "5" hereto) was done for the purpose of lulling Plaintiff into a fall sense of security that Defendants would in fact pay Plaintiff for the additional invoices factored (Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9" hereto) when in truth and in fact, Defendants always intended to divert and convert the funds paid by their customers, which funds rightfully belonged to Plaintiff, to their own use and benefit.

165. Plaintiff is further informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendants never had any intention whatsoever of paying Plaintiff any additional sums on the factored invoices/accounts receivable, but rather always intended to keep the \$162,946.81 advanced by Plaintiff and convert same to their own use and benefit.

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166. When Defendants, and each of them, intentionally made these false and fraudulent representations they knew them to be false, and these false and fraudulent representations were made by Defendants, and each of them, with the intent to defraud and deceive Plaintiff, and with the intent to induce Plaintiffs to act in the manner herein alleged.

167. Plaintiff, at the time these false and fraudulent representations were intentionally made by Defendants, and each of them, and at the time Plaintiff took the actions herein alleged, was ignorant of the falsity of Defendants' representations and believed them to be true. In justifiable reliance on these false and fraudulent representations, Plaintiff was induced to and did factor Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9", into a bank account controlled, exclusively, by Defendant Chim. Had Plaintiff known the actual facts, it would never have factored Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9" hereto into a bank account controlled by Defendant Chim. Plaintiff's reliance on Defendants' false and fraudulent representations was justified because Defendants had timely paid Plaintiff the monies due on Exhibits "3", "4" and "5" hereto.

168. As a proximate result of Defendants' fraud and deceit and the facts herein alleged, Plaintiff was deprived of the monies to which it was rightfully entitled, all to Plaintiff's damage in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) plus interest at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9" plus costs according to proof and attorneys' fees according to proof but in at least the sum of \$75,000.00, or in an amount to be determined at trial.

169. The aforementioned conduct of Defendants, and each of them, was intentional misrepresentation, deceit or concealment of a material fact known to the Defendants with the intention on the part of the Defendants of thereby depriving Plaintiff of property or legal rights or otherwise causing injury, and was despicable conduct that subjected Plaintiff to a cruel and unjust hardship in conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights, so as to justify an award of punitive and exemplary damages, as

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well as an award of attorneys' fees to the extent allowed by law.

TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Fraud and Deceit - Negligent Misrepresentation - Suppression of Fact)

AS AND FOR A TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR FRAUD AND DECEIT -NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION - SUPPRESSION OF FACT, AGAINST DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM, PLAINTIFF ALLEGES:

170. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 46, inclusive, of Plaintiff's Complaint with the same force and effect as though set forth herein.

171. In order to state a claim for negligent misrepresentation, Plaintiff must plead: (1) the misrepresentation of a past or existing material fact, (2) without reasonable ground for believing it to be true, (3) within intent to induce another's reliance on the fact misrepresented, (4) justifiable reliance on the misrepresentation; and (5) resulting damage. Apollo Fund, LLC v. Roth Capital Partners, LLC, 158 Cal.App.4th 226, 243 (2007). "Negligent misrepresentation is a species of fraud or deceit specifically requiring an assertion." Wilson v. Century 21, 15 Cal. App. 4th 298, 306 (1993). Yet unlike an allegation of fraud, "negligent misrepresentation does not require knowledge of falsity." Apollo, 158 Cal.App.4th at 243. Moreover, the Ninth Circuit has not yet decided whether the heightened pleading requirements under Rule 9 applied in negligent misrepresentation claims. Petersen v. Allstate Indemnity Co., 281 F.R.D. 413, 418-19 (C.D. Cal. 2012).

172. In light of the fact that Plaintiff has stated and set forth a valid claim for fraud against the Defendants based on the facts alleged hereinabove, we ask the Court to also find that Plaintiff has stated a claim for negligent misrepresentation. See Cisco Systems, Inc. v. Tsai, 215 W.L. 1273249 at *5 (C.D. Cal. January 9, 2015) (confirming claim for negligent misrepresentation can be established by the same elements of fraud but without the knowledge element).

ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

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(Conversion)

AS AND FOR AN ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CONVERSION AGAINST DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM, PLAINTIFF ALLEGES:

- 173. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 46, inclusive, Paragraph 57 through 61, inclusive and Paragraphs 63 through 67, inclusive of Plaintiff's Complaint with the same force and effect as though set forth herein.
- 174. From on or about April 3, 2023 through the present, Plaintiff was and still is the owner of and entitled to possession of the \$162,946.81 taken by Defendants.
- 175. From on or about at least April 3, 2023 through the present, the abovementioned property had a value of at least \$162,946.81.
- 176. From on or about at least April 3, 2023 through the present, Defendants, and each of them, took the above-mentioned property from Plaintiff and converted the same to their own use and benefit.
- 177. From on or about April 3, 2023 through the present, when Plaintiff first realized that Defendants, and each of them, had taken Plaintiff's monies/property and converted same to their own use and benefit, Plaintiff demanded, orally and in writing, that Defendants immediately turn over the above-mentioned property to Plaintiff but Defendants, and each of them, to date, have failed and refused and continue to fail and refuse to do so.
- 178. As a proximate result of Defendants' conversion, Plaintiff has been deprived of the use and benefit to be derived from the property converted, all to Plaintiff's damage in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or according to proof at the time of trial.
- 179. Since Defendants, and each of them, knew that Plaintiff needed the aforesaid property, and that it would incur substantial hardship and expenses as a result of the conversion of the property belonging to Plaintiff by Defendants, and each of

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them, to themselves for their own use and benefit, the aforementioned conduct of Defendants, and each of them, was done with the intention on the part of the Defendants of depriving Plaintiff of its property and/or legal rights and otherwise causing injury and was despicable conduct that subjected Plaintiff to cruel and unjust hardships in conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights so as to justify an award of exemplary and punitive damages.

TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Unjust Enrichment and Imposition of Constructive Trust)

AS AND FOR A TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION BASED ON UNJUST ENRICHMENT AND IMPOSITION OF CONSTRUCTIVE TRUST AGAINST DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM, PLAINTIFF ALLEGES:

- 180. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference Paragraphs 1 through 55, inclusive, Paragraphs 57 through 61, inclusive, and Paragraphs 63 through 67, inclusive of its Complaint with the same force and effect as though set forth in full.
- 181. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendants, and each of them, have received a benefit at Plaintiff's expense.
- 182. As alleged herein, as a direct and proximate result of the conduct of Defendants, and each of them, Plaintiff has been damaged in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial together with interest thereon at the rate of 10% per annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9".
- 183. As further alleged herein, Defendants, and each of them, have enjoyed a benefit as alleged in this Complaint to the detriment of Plaintiff. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the benefits conferred upon Defendants, and each of them, was the result of mistake, fraud or coercion, or request, thus making their enrichment unjust.
 - 184. Accordingly, in order to protect the Plaintiff, pending the final resolution Page 42

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of this action, Plaintiff requests that the Court impose a Constructive Trust over a sufficient amount of Defendants' assets and resources in order to ensure that Plaintiff is made whole at the conclusion of this action.

PLAINTIFF DEMANDS A JURY TRIAL

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows:

FOR THE FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FOR BREACH OF WRITTEN CONTRACT AS TO DEFENDANTS CHIM, T. CARTWRIGHT, J. QUINN AND DOES 1 THROUGH 25, INCLUSIVE:

- 1. For damages in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial;
- For interest on the sum of \$162,946.81 at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9"; and
- 3. For attorneys' fees in at least the sum of \$75,000.00 or according to proof at the time of trial;

FOR THE SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR BREACH OF ORAL CONTRACT AS TO DEFENDANTS CHIM, T. CARTWRIGHT, J. QUINN AND DOES 1 THROUGH 25, INCLUSIVE:

- For damages in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial;
- For interest on the sum of \$162,946.81 at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9";
- For attorneys' fees in at least the sum of \$75,000.00 or according to proof 6. at the time of trial;

FOR THE THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE RACKETEERING INFLUENCE AND CORRUPT ORGANIZATIONS ACTION

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("RICO") (WIRE FRAUD) AGAINST DEFENDANTS AND EACH OF THEM:

- 7. For damages in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial;
- 8. For interest on the sum of \$162,946.81 at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9";
- 9. For punitive and exemplary damages according to proof at the time of trial;
 - 10. For attorneys' fees to the extent permitted by law;

FOR THE FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE RACKETEERING INFLUENCE AND CORRUPT ORGANIZATIONS ACTION ("RICO") (MONEY LAUNDERING) AGAINST DEFENDANTS AND EACH OF THEM:

- 11. For damages in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial;
- 12. For interest on the sum of \$162,946.81 at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9";
- 13. For punitive and exemplary damages according to proof at the time of trial;
 - 14. For attorneys' fees to the extent permitted by law;

FOR THE FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE RACKETEERING INFLUENCE AND CORRUPT ORGANIZATIONS ACTION ("RICO") (THEFT/CONVERSION) AGAINST DEFENDANTS AND EACH OF THEM:

For damages in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand 15. Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial;

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- 16. For interest on the sum of \$162,946.81 at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9";
- For punitive and exemplary damages according to proof at the time of 17. trial;
 - 18. For attorneys' fees to the extent permitted by law;

FOR THE SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VOIDABLE TRANSACTION -CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE SECTION 3439.04(a)(1) AGAINST DEFENDANTS T. CARTWRIGHT, J. QUINN, R. QUINN AND DOES 1 THROUGH 25, INCLUSIVE:

- That the transfer of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY by the 9/14/22 and 12/12/22 Conveyance Deeds from Defendant T. Cartwright to Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn be set aside and declared void, and that the 9/14/22 and 12/12/22 Conveyance Deeds be declared void, and that the 9/14/22 and 12/12/22 Conveyance Deeds be declared null and void ab initio and therefore title to the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY be vested back in the name of Defendant T. Cartwright as though said Grant Deed was never delivered or recorded;
- For a money judgment as against all Defendants, and each of them, to the 20. extent necessary to satisfy the outstanding indebtedness due to Plaintiff in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial;
- 21. For interest on the sum of \$162,946.81 at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9";
- 22. That a temporary restraining order be granted to Plaintiff enjoining and restraining Defendants, and each of them, including their respective employees, representatives, attorneys and agents from selling, transferring, conveying, assigning, encumbering, hypothecating or otherwise disposing of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY:
- 23. That a preliminary injunction be granted to Plaintiff enjoining and restraining Defendants, and each of them, including but not limited to their respective

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employees, representatives, attorneys and agents from selling, transferring, conveying, assigning, encumbering, hypothecating or otherwise disposing of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY:

- 24. That an order be made declaring that Defendants, and each of them, hold the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY in trust for Plaintiff;
- 25. That Defendants, and each of them, be required to account to Plaintiff for all profits and proceeds earned from or taken in exchange for the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY;
- 26. That a judgment herein be declared a lien on the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY;
- 27. For punitive and exemplary damages according to proof at the time of trial;

FOR THE SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE SECTION 3439.04(a)(2) TO SET ASIDE TRANSACTIONS MADE WITHOUT RECEIVING REASONABLY EQUIVALENT VALUE IN EXCHANGE FOR THE TRANSFER AS AGAINST DEFENDANTS T. CARTWRIGHT, J. QUINN, R. QUINN AND DOES 1 THROUGH 25, INCLUSIVE:

- That the transfer of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY by the 9/14/2022 28. and 12/12/22 Conveyance Deeds from Defendant T. Cartwright to Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn be set aside and declared void and that the 9/14/22 and 12/12/22 Conveyance Deeds be declared null and void ab initio and therefore title to the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY be vested back in the name of Defendant T. Cartwright as though said Grant Deed was never delivered or recorded;
- For a money judgment as against Defendants, and each of them, to the 29. extent necessary to satisfy the outstanding indebtedness due to Plaintiff in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial;
 - 30. For interest on the sum of \$162,946.81 at the lawful rate of 10% per Page 46

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annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9";

- 31. That a temporary restraining order be granted to Plaintiff enjoining and restraining Defendants, and each of them, including their respective employees, representatives, attorneys and agents from selling, transferring, conveying, assigning, encumbering, hypothecating or otherwise disposing of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY:
- 32. That a preliminary injunction be granted to Plaintiff enjoining and restraining Defendants, and each of them, including but not limited to their respective employees, representatives, attorneys and agents from selling, transferring, conveying, assigning, encumbering, hypothecating or otherwise disposing of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY:
- 33. That an order be made declaring that Defendants, and each of them, hold the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY in trust for Plaintiff;
- 34. That Defendants, and each of them, be required to account to Plaintiff for all profits and proceeds earned from or taken in exchange for the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY:
- 35. That a judgment herein be declared a lien on the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY;

FOR THE EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION TO SET ASIDE TRANSACTIONS MADE WITHOUT RECEIVING REASONABLY EQUIVALENT VALUE IN EXCHANGE FOR THE TRANSFER LEAVING THE DEBTOR INSOLVENT (CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE SECTION 3439.05) AS AGAINST DEFENDANTS, T. CARTWRIGHT, J. QUINN, R. QUINN AND DOES 1 THROUGH 25, INCLUSIVE:

That the transfer of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY by the 9/14/22 and 36. 12/12/22 Conveyance Deeds from Defendant T. Cartwright to Defendants J. Quinn and R. Quinn be set aside and declared void, and that the 9/14/22 and 12/12/22 Conveyance Deeds be declared void and that the 9/14/22 and 12/12/22 Conveyance Deeds be

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declared null and void ab initio and therefore title to the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY be vested back in the name of Defendant T. Cartwright as though said Grant Deed was never delivered or recorded;

- For a money judgment as against Defendants, and each of them, to the extent necessary to satisfy the outstanding indebtedness due to Plaintiff in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial;
- 38. For interest on the sum of \$162,946.81 at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9";
- 39. That a temporary restraining order be granted to Plaintiffs enjoining and restraining Defendants, and each of them, including their respective employees, representatives, attorneys and agents from selling, transferring, conveying, assigning, encumbering, hypothecating or otherwise disposing of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY:
- That a preliminary injunction be granted to Plaintiffs enjoining and 40. restraining Defendants, and each of them, including but not limited to their respective employees, representatives, attorneys and agents from selling, transferring, conveying, assigning, encumbering, hypothecating or otherwise disposing of the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY:
- That an order be made declaring that Defendants, and each of them, hold the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY in trust for Plaintiffs;
- 42. That Defendants, and each of them, be required to account to Plaintiffs for all profits and proceeds earned from or taken in exchange for the SUBJECT REAL PROPERTY:
- That a judgment herein be declared a lien on the SUBJECT REAL 43. PROPERTY;

FOR THE NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR FRAUD AND DECEIT -INTENTIONAL MISREPRESENTATION - SUPPRESSION OF FACT AGAINST

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- 44. For damages in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial;
- 45. For interest on the sum of \$162,946.81 at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9";
 - For punitive and exemplary in an amount to be determined at trial;

FOR THE TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR FRAUD AND DECEIT -NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION - SUPPRESSION OF FACT AGAINST DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM:

- 47. For damages in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial:
- 48. For interest on the sum of \$162,946.81 at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9";

FOR THE ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CONVERSION AGAINST DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM:

- 49. For damages in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial;
- 50. For interest on the sum of \$162,946.81 at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9";
- For punitive and exemplary damages according to proof at the time of 51. trial;

FOR THE TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR UNJUST ENRICHMENT AND IMPOSITION OF CONSTRUCTIVE TRUST AGAINST DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM:

For damages in at least the sum of One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand 52. Page 49

Nine Hundred Forty Six and 81/100 Dollars (\$162,946.81) or an amount to be proved at trial;

- 53. For interest on the sum of \$162,946.81 at the lawful rate of 10% per annum from and after the Invoice due dates set forth on Exhibits "6", "7", "8" and "9";
- 54. For imposition of a constructive trust over a sufficient amount of Defendants' assets and resources in order to ensure that Plaintiff is made whole at the conclusion of this action;

FOR ALL CAUSES OF ACTION:

- 55. For costs of suit incurred herein; and
- 56. For any such other and further relief as this Honorable Court deems just and proper.

DATED: August 24, 2023

Respectfully/submitted,

RONALD FANATES A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

BY: RONALDAY SLATES
Attorney for Plaintiff Lunch Inc., a Delaware corporation

Page 50